

Key Vocabulary:

Continents: one of the seven large land masses on the earth's surface

Equator: an imaginary circle around Earth splitting it into two parts

Weather: day-to-day temperature and rainfall activity

Climate: the average of weather conditions in an area over a long period

Landscape: what we can see in an area of land (both physical and human features)

Coast: where the sea and land

Mountain: part of the land that rises high above the surrounding land in a small area.

Landmarks: a building or an object that helps you identify a location

Ocean: a huge body of salt water.

Culture: pattern of behavior shared by a people who live in one area.

Capital city: A city where the main people who are in charge of a country live or meet.



Holy Family Halewood

Year 1/2 Geography

Kenya



Learning Objectives

- To locate Africa on a world map and identify the country of Kenya.
- *To identify the equator
- To explore the climate and weather of Kenya.
- To explore the landscapes of Kenya.
- To find out about the people and culture of Kenya.
- To identify similarities and differences between Kenya and the UK.



Did You Know?

- Kenya is located in East Africa, on the equator.
- In 2012, the population of Kenya around 43 million.
- The capital and largest city is Nairobi.
- The two main languages in Kenya are English and Swahili,
- Kenya shares Lake Victoria, the world's second largest fresh water lake, with Tanzania and Uganda.
- Large animals such as lions, buffalo, leopards, elephants and rhinoceros live in Kenya.
- Kenya is named after Mt Kenya
- Kenya is a developing country and half of the people live in poverty.
- Kenya is perhaps best known for its middle distance and long distance runners, with lots of Olympic champions.

Key Places:

Africa, Europe

UK, Kenya

Equator

Lake Victoria

Nairobi



- Kenya is located in East Africa, on the equator.
- In 2012, the population of Kenya was estimated to be around 43 million.
- Kenya is officially known as the Republic of Kenya.
- The capital and largest city is Nairobi. Mombasa is the second largest city.
- The two official languages in Kenya are English and Swahili, although there are dozens of other languages spoken in various parts of the country.
- Kenya shares Lake Victoria, the world's second largest fresh water lake, with Tanzania and Uganda.
- Kenya features many national parks and wildlife reserves, with safaris being a popular activity for visitors.
- Agriculture is important to Kenya's economy, especially tea, coffee and flowers.
- Large animals such as [lions](#), buffalo, [leopards](#), [elephants](#) and [rhinoceros](#) are present in Kenya.
- In Kenya they drive on the left-hand side of the road.
- Kenya is named after Mt Kenya, the tallest mountain in the country (5,199 metres, 17,057 feet).
- Kenya gained independence from the United Kingdom in 1963.
- [Hydroelectricity](#) is the largest contributor to Kenya's electricity supply.
- Kenya is a developing country and half of the population live in poverty.
- In terms of sports, Kenya is perhaps best known for its middle distance and long distance runners, with the country frequently producing Olympic champions.