

## Holy Family Catholic Primary School English - KS1 – Yeti and the Bird Overview



**Text:** Yeti and the Bird by Nadia Shireen

Outcomes: List of rules, letters, postcards, character

descriptions

Main Outcome: Own version narrative about an unlikely

friendship

**Overview and Outcomes:** This planning sequence would best be begun with a discussion about friendship. The children write a complete story about a two seemingly different characters, in the third person using past tense. Use adverbs to sequence and add cohesion, as well as conjunctions to write sentences using but and and.

**Coverage from National Curriculum 2014:** Reading and Writing coverage from Curriculum 2014. Spoken language is covered throughout.

#### **Word Reading**

- Read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word
- Read words containing taught GPCs and -s, es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est endings

# Writing Transcription (Spelling and Handwriting)

- -Using -ing, -ed, -er and -est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words [for example, helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest]
- Apply simple spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1
- Learning the possessive apostrophe (singular) [for example, the girl's book] (Y2)

#### Vocabulary, Grammar & Punctuation

- How words can combine to make sentences
- Joining words and joining clauses using and
- Use expanded noun phrases to describe and specify, e.g. the blue butterfly
- Capital letters for names of people, places and the personal pronoun 'I" etc
- Suffixes that can be added to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of root words (e.g. helping, helped, helper)
- Use of the suffixes –er, –est in adjectives and the use of –ly in Standard English to turn adjectives into adverbs
- Use subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination (using or, and, or but)
- Use correct choice and consistent use of present tense and past tense throughout writing
- Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns [for example, the girl's name]

#### **Reading Comprehension**

Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:

- Being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences
- Discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known Understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by:
- Predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far
- Drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher
- Discussing the significance of the title and events
- Making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
- Answering and asking questions (Y2)

### **Writing (Composition)**

Write sentences by:

- Saying out loud what they are going to write about
- Composing a sentence orally before writing it
- Sequencing sentences to form short narratives
- Re-reading what they have written to check it makes sense
- Discussing what they have written with the teacher or other pupils
- Reading aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher.
- Writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional) (Y2)
- Planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about (Y2)
- Writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary (Y2)
- Encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence (Y2)
- Evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils (Y2)